

## **IN THE CLAIMS**

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) ~~A mid~~ An infrared light source, comprising:  
a ~~combiner~~ one or more combiners coupled to at least a first pump laser and a second pump laser, the ~~combiners~~ combiner operable to couple a first optical signal generated by the first pump laser and a second optical signal generated by the second pump laser to a gain fiber, the gain fiber comprising a first waveguide structure; and  
a Raman wavelength shifter coupled to the gain fiber, the Raman wavelength shifter operable to wavelength shift based at least in part on a Raman effect, at least a portion of the Raman wavelength shifter comprising an intermediate waveguide structure coupled to a second waveguide structure capable of wavelength shifting at least one wavelength of the first optical signal to an intermediate wavelength in the intermediate waveguide structure and then a longer signal wavelength in the second waveguide structure;  
wherein at least a portion of the intermediate wavelength is greater than the one wavelength of the first optical signal and wherein at least a portion of the longer signal wavelength is greater than the intermediate wavelength.
2. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the first pump laser is selected from the group consisting of a continuous wave laser and a pulsed laser.
3. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the first pump laser is selected from the group consisting of a solid state laser, a Nd:YAG laser, a Nd:YLF laser, laser diodes, a semiconductor laser, and a cladding pump fiber laser.
4. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the second pump laser is selected from the group consisting of a continuous wave laser and a pulsed laser.

5. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the second pump laser is selected from the group consisting of a solid state laser, a Nd:YAG laser, a Nd:YLF laser, laser diodes, a semiconductor laser, and a cladding pump fiber laser.

6. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the second pump laser comprises a plurality of laser diodes capable of generating a plurality of pump signals substantially centered on a selected wavelength.

7. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 6, wherein the second pump laser further comprises a multiplexer capable of combining the plurality of pump signals into the second optical signal.

8. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 7, wherein the multiplexer is selected from the group consisting of a wavelength division multiplexer, a polarization multiplexer, and a power combiner.

9. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the second optical signal comprises a selected wavelength selected from the group consisting of 980 nm, 1310 nm, 1390 nm, 1400-1499 nm, and 1510 nm.

10. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the longer optical signal wavelength comprises a pulsed optical signal having a pulse repetition rate in the range of two (2) hertz to one hundred (100) megahertz.

11. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the longer optical signal wavelength comprises a pulsed optical signal having a pulse width in the range of two (2) nanoseconds to one hundred (100) milliseconds.

12. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein a variation of the wavelength of the first optical signal causes a variation in wavelength of the longer optical signal.

13. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the one or more combiners are ~~combiner~~ is selected from the group consisting of a wavelength division multiplexer and a power coupler.

14. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the gain fiber is selected from the group consisting of a dispersion compensating fiber, a dispersion shifted fiber, a single mode fiber, a chalcogenide fiber, and a fused silica optical fiber.

15. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein at least a portion of the first waveguide structure is selected from the group consisting of an optical fiber, a hollow tube waveguide, an air core waveguide, and a planar waveguide.

16. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the first waveguide structure at least partially contributes to increasing an optical energy of at least the first optical signal and wherein the increased optical signal energy is communicated from the first waveguide structure at a selected wavelength.

17. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein at least a portion of the second waveguide structure is selected from the group consisting of an optical fiber, a hollow tube waveguide, an air core waveguide, and a planar waveguide.

18. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein at least a portion of the second waveguide structure comprises an optical fiber.

19. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 18, wherein the optical fiber comprises a mid-infrared optical fiber.

20. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 18, wherein the optical fiber is selected from the group consisting of a chalcogenide fiber and a ZBLAN fiber.

21. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein at least a portion of the second waveguide structure is selected from the group consisting of a ZBLAN waveguide, a sulfide waveguide, a selenide waveguide, and a telluride waveguide.

22. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein at least a portion of the second waveguide structure comprises a single mode optical fiber.

23. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the longer optical signal wavelength comprises a wavelength of approximately 1.7 microns or more.

24. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the longer optical signal wavelength comprises a wavelength in the range of two (2) microns to ten (10) microns.

25. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the longer optical signal wavelength comprises a wavelength in the range of five (5) microns to seven (7) microns.

26. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, further comprising a wavelength separator coupled to the Raman wavelength shifter and capable of transmitting at least a portion of a selected wavelength from the Raman wavelength shifter.

27. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 26, wherein the wavelength separator is selected from the group consisting of a demultiplexer, one or more partially transmissive gratings, one or more partially transmitting mirrors, one or more Fabry Perot filters and one or more dielectric gratings.

28. (Currently Amended) The ~~mid~~-infrared light source of Claim 1, further comprising at least a third waveguide structure coupled to the Raman wavelength shifter, wherein the third waveguide structure comprises a coupling loss of no more than five (5) decibels.

29. (Currently Amended) A method of shifting an optical signal wavelength to a longer optical signal wavelength, comprising:

coupling a first optical signal generated by a first pump laser and a second optical signal generated by a second pump laser to a gain fiber, the gain fiber comprising a first waveguide structure; and

shifting at least one wavelength of the first optical signal to an intermediate wavelength using an intermediate waveguide structure coupled to the gain fiber;

shifting the intermediate wavelength to a longer signal wavelength using a second waveguide structure coupled to the gain fiber intermediate waveguide structure; and

wherein at least a portion of the intermediate wavelength is greater than the one wavelength of the first optical signal and wherein at least a portion of the longer signal wavelength is greater than the intermediate wavelength.

30. (Original) The method of Claim 29, wherein the second pump laser comprises a plurality of laser diodes capable of generating a plurality of pump signals substantially centered on a selected wavelength.

31. (Original) The method of Claim 30, wherein the second pump laser further comprises a multiplexer capable of combining the plurality of pump signals into the second optical signal.

32. (Original) The method of Claim 29, wherein the second optical signal comprises a selected wavelength selected from the group consisting of 980 nm, 1310 nm, 1390 nm, 1400-1499 nm and 1510 nm.

33. (Original) The method of Claim 29, wherein the longer optical signal wavelength comprises a pulsed optical signal having a pulse repetition rate in the range of two (2) hertz to one hundred (100) megahertz.

34. (Original) The method of Claim 29, wherein the longer optical signal wavelength comprises a pulsed optical signal having a pulse width in the range of two (2) nanoseconds to one hundred (100) milliseconds.

35. (Original) The method of Claim 29, wherein a variation of the wavelength of the first optical signal causes a variation in wavelength of the longer optical signal.

36. (Original) The method of Claim 29, wherein the first waveguide structure at least partially contributes to increasing an optical energy of at least the first optical signal and wherein the increased optical signal energy is communicated from the first waveguide structure at a selected wavelength.

37. (Original) The method of Claim 29, wherein the longer optical signal wavelength comprises a wavelength of approximately 1.7 microns or more.

38. (Original) The method of Claim 29, wherein the longer optical signal wavelength comprises a wavelength in the range of two (2) microns to ten (10) microns.

39. (Original) The method of Claim 29, further comprising transmitting at least a portion of a selected wavelength from the Raman wavelength shifter into a third waveguide structure.

40. (Canceled)

41. (Canceled)

42. (Canceled)

43. (Canceled)

44. (Canceled)

45. (Canceled)

46. (New) The infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the intermediate waveguide structure comprises at least in part fused silica fiber.

47. (New) The infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein intermediate waveguide structure is substantially different than the second waveguide structure.

48. (New) The infrared light source of Claim 1, wherein the first pump laser is at a different wavelength than the second pump laser.

49. (New) The method of Claim 29, wherein the intermediate waveguide structure comprises at least in part fused silica fiber.

50. (New) The method of Claim 29, wherein intermediate waveguide structure is substantially different than the second waveguide structure.

51. (New) The method of Claim 29, wherein the first optical signal is at a different wavelength than the second optical signal.